

## THE HUTCHINSON GAZETTE

THE GAZETTE PUBLISHING AND PRINTING CO.

LEE A. HUTTON, President. H. S. FOSTER, Sec'y & Treas.

HUTCHINSON, KANSAS.

### FIRST OVERLAND EXPRESS.

The Manager of the Original Tells How the Venture Was Brought About.

"The first express ever run across the plains was started by a man named Butterfield in 1858," said Alexander Benham, of Montana, the manager of the first overland express. "It started at Little Rock, Ark., and followed a southern route through Kansas, New Mexico, Arizona, and then to Los Angeles, Cal. About two years later, in 1860, our company was formed for the purpose of carrying the mails to the Pacific coast. It was known as the Central Overland, California and Pike's Peak Express company. William H. Russell, Alexander Majors, and a man named Wadell formed the company, and the contracts with the government for carrying mails were made out in their names. I was chosen manager, and had my office in Denver. The southern route run by Butterfield did not have as much prominence as ours, which for years was known as the 'pony express' route. It was started in at St. Joseph, Mo., running through Nebraska to Fort Kearney, to Fort Laramie, Wyo., thence to Denver, to Salt Lake City, to Placerville, Nev., and to Sacramento, Cal. The whole trip, extending half across the continent, was made in seventeen days, when no accident befell, and accidents were not so numerous as some people have imagined. From St. Joseph to Denver the trip took seven days, and from Denver to Sacramento was a journey of ten days. That was, of course, by the regular stage route, and little time was lost in making it. To accommodate our business we had about 150 coaches, most of which were kept running all the time. To haul them we had 1,500 horses scattered along the route from St. Joseph to Sacramento. In addition we had 6,000 or 7,000 head of cattle, which were used in hauling heavy freight and transporting feed for the horses and feed for our men. You can see that the business was not by any means a small one, and it continued to grow as long as there was any use for such means of transportation. This was until the completion of the Union Pacific railway to California in 1870. Then overland traffic and mail service could be managed to better service by the railroad, and our pony express went out of existence. But up to that time, from the day when the route was first opened in 1860, its business had steadily increased. Even the building of the railroad assisted us, for our line was the best adapted for carrying to western stations employees and provisions."

### HE HAD NO EAR FOR MUSIC.

Richard Harding Davis Tells of an Ocean Traveler's Experience with a Band.

Richard Harding Davis tells a good story of one of his transatlantic trips. The passage, he says, was made delightful by music at breakfast, dinner, and tea, but there was one passenger who objected to music. For the first three days he remained lazed in his stateroom chair, like a mummy, with nothing showing but a blue nose and closed eyelids. The band played at the end of the deck, and partly because the fingers of the players were nearly frozen, partly because of the sudden lurches of the ship, the harmony was sometimes destroyed. Those who had an ear for music picked up their stateroom chairs and moved to windward, but this young man, being half dead and firmly lashed to his place, was unable to save himself. On the morning of the fourth day, when the concert was over and the band had gone to thaw themselves, the young man suddenly sat upright and pointed his forefinger at the startled passengers. They had generally decided that he was dead. "Heavens know, I'm a sick man," he said, blinking his eyes feebly, "but if I live till midnight I'll find out where they hide these horns, and I'll drop 'em into the gulf stream if it takes my dying breath. He then fell over backward and did not speak again till land was reached."

### FLOTSAM.

A white marble swimming bath, forty by twenty feet and nine feet in depth, is to be constructed for the Russian empress in the palace at St. Petersburg. She likes to take a plunge every morning.

A gentleman who recently died in Vienna, at the age of 79, had been a smoker since he was 17. During that time he had smoked 328,713 cigars, 43,633 of which were gifts. Those he paid for cost him \$12,500.

In some of the Louisiana towns tramps are arrested and set at work cleaning the streets. This treatment terrifies the tramps; they flee at the first opportunity, and exclaim, "The country is going to the dogs!"

John Best was repairing the paddle wheel of a ferry boat at Dover, Ky., when the engineer thoughtlessly set the engine in motion. John stuck to the revolving wheel, and received four plunges in the ice cold water.

A Newark, N. J., policeman has concentrated upon himself the ridicule of his associates because he discovered two dogs fighting in the street and arrested the aggressor, and actually locked the animal in a cell at the station house.

A pious gentleman was at a prayer meeting in a Hutchinson, Kan., church, and was saying, "Oh, how good I feel to be here!" A couple of rogues outside thought, "Oh, how glad we are that he's in there!" and they stole his horse and wagon.

An old bank book was found by a New York widow, in which was one deposit of \$5, which had been made by her husband in the year 1820. She made claim at the bank, and received the principal and accumulated interest, amounting to \$248.

## AN IMPORTANT CASE.

IT COMES UP BEFORE THE UNITED STATES COURT.

A Suit for an Estoppel—The Eureka Chemical Company of La Crosse, Makes the Trouble.

Papers have been filed in the United States court of the Western district of Wisconsin, by Tarrant & Kronshage, attorneys for the Sterling Remedy company, of Chicago and New York, in a suit for estoppel and damages against an imitation of No-to-bac, the tobacco habit cure. The action is brought against a concern called the Eureka Chemical company, of La Crosse, Wis.

The principals involved in these proceedings are of the utmost importance to the proprietary interests of America in general, and form in many respects, a test case, the outcome of which will be carefully watched by the many other important manufacturing concerns similarly imitated. Not only the question of imitation of name, trade-mark, form of preparation and package, enter into the case, but also the proposition whether the actual advertising literature used in establishing the publicity of a preparation can be stolen with impunity, word for word, by an imitator. The decision in this case will settle one of the vital points in United States trade-mark and copyright law.—Madison, (Wis.) Democrat.

Managua, Nicaragua, May 6.—The British forces evacuated Corinto yesterday. Rear Admiral Stephenson received orders on Saturday to leave Nicaragua on Sunday, and after religious services the order was carried into effect, the British flag being taken down from the government building. Hundreds of persons assembled along the shore to see the embarkation of the marines and cheers went up as the boats headed harborward. The warships weighed anchor at high tide and all except a flagship left for sea. The flagship, it is understood, is remaining to salute the Nicaraguan flag when the government once more takes possession of the government buildings.

It is rumored here that England is paying Chief Clarence \$30 a day and that a scheme is on foot to restore him to his chieftainship.

New York, May 6.—A special to the World from Tegucigalpa, Honduras, says: Fighting has begun in Granada, Nicaragua. Disorder is reported from Leon. Also word comes from there that followers of Ortiz, Zerula and Macherro, have united to make war on Zelaya. It is feared that the threatened outbreak on the Mosquito reservation will extend to Cape Gracias.

Washington, May 6.—Dr. Guzman, the Nicaraguan minister, has not been advised up to 2 o'clock today of the reported revolution in Nicaragua. He has expected that the sailing of the British fleet would have a quieting effect on public sentiment. The expectation was strengthened when word came that Vice Admiral Stephenson fired a salute to the Nicaraguan flag when it was again hoisted over Corinto yesterday. This courtesy was regarded as doing much to heal the wounds made by the incident. Dr. Guzman's last official cable said simply: "Ships sailed."

In other quarters the fact that the revolution is along the east shore is regarded as significant. This is the Mosquito region in which British influence has long been dominant and which has recently been created a state under the name of Zelaya. It has been apprehended by Central American diplomats that if the Mosquito natives made trouble it would afford opportunity for further British intervention. One of the best posted diplomats from that section says he considers it inevitable that the Mosquito natives will rebel and attempt to restore Chief Clarence to his throne. This would be a denial of Nicaragua's sovereignty over the new state of Zelaya, and in the judgment of this diplomat, Great Britain would support Clarence.

A telegram received at the navy department announces that the Alert arrived at San Juan del Sur late Saturday night. The Alert will protect American interests on the Pacific side of Nicaragua in case of revolution.

### SEÑOR DE LOME ARRIVES.

He Swaps Compliments With the President in Elegant Style.

Washington, May 6.—Senator Enrique Dupuy De Lome, the new Spanish minister, was presented to the president today by Acting Secretary of State Uhl. The minister presented his letter from the queen regent of Spain, crediting him in the name of her son, King Don Alfonso XIII, and referred to the fact that he had come for the third time to the United States. He referred to "the bond already a century old, which joins Spain and the United States," and spoke felicitously of his late meeting with President Cleveland during the world's fair at Chicago, "beneath the arched roof of the vastest building ever reared in the world, constructed to celebrate the marvelous progress of this people, and to commemorate, with the help of all the nations of the globe, an event which is for Spain a seal of glory." He assured the president of the affection of the queen regent and her government for himself and the American people.

President Cleveland replied in an "equally pleasant strain, assuring the minister of his pleasure to welcome him again to Washington." He assured well, Mr. Minister," said the president, "for the success of your mission that you come among us not only inspired by the amicable desires of your government, but as a personal friend."

Congregationalist Association Stands Ready for Concerted Effort.

Topeka, Kan., May 6.—The Congregational state association in session here today adopted resolutions setting forth the growing conviction in the country of the sin and folly of a disunited Christendom and church rivalry and declaring that the Congregationalists in Kansas stand ready to co-operate on the basis of a common faith for the consolidation of competing churches in narrow fields and for concerted effort to evangelize the land.

New Orleans, May 6.—The state supreme court today handed down a decision reversing the decision of the district court in which the lower court ruled that prize fighting as recently conducted here might be continued. The decision was rendered in the appealed case of the state of Louisiana vs. the Olympic club. The supreme court rules that the recent alleged boxing exhibitions were nothing more or less than prize fights, and that as such they are prohibited by the state law. The injunction originally granted by the district court and prize fighting in New Orleans will hereafter be prohibited. Associate Justice Watkins filed a dissenting opinion.

## IN COURT AT ST. PAUL.

Seventeen Decisions Filed, Several of Which Affect Kansas.

St. Paul, May 6.—Seventeen important decisions were filed in the United States court of appeals at the May term, Judges Thayer, Sanborn and Caldwell presiding, today among them being the following: Western Union Telegraph company, plaintiff in error, vs. Thomas D. Cogges, et al., in error, to United States court in Indian territory. Reversed and remanded for new trial.

United States of America, appellant vs. Union Pacific Railway company, et al., appeal from the circuit court of the United States for the district of Kansas. Affirmed.

Union Pacific Railroad company and William Dalrymple, appellants, vs. United States of America, appeal from the circuit court of the United States for the district of Kansas. Reversed and remanded with directions to dismiss bill.

Pauly Jail Building and Manufacturing company, plaintiff in error, vs. board of county commissioners of Kearney county, Kansas, in error to circuit court of the United States for the district of Kansas. Reversed and remanded for new trial.

John McCulloch, appellant vs. A. H. Chatfield, et al., appeal from the circuit of the United States for the eastern district of Kansas. Affirmed.

Board of county commissioners of Kearney county, Kansas, plaintiff in error, vs. J. S. McMaster to circuit court of United States for the district of Kansas. Affirmed.

WILL GIVE HIM LOTS OF TIME.

Prosecution Will Not Bring Durrant to Trial Till July.

San Francisco, May 6.—Theodore Durrant will spend several quiet weeks in the country jail before he is placed on trial for his life for the murder of Miss Blanche Lamont and Miss Minnie Williams. The police will not hurry him to trial, desiring to give him abundant time to prepare for his defense. The case will, therefore, not be called until July. Chief of Detectives Lees said today that the supreme court had passed strictures on the police department for having brought to speedy trial, Frederick, who shot Bank Teller Herriek. Though Lees believes the criticism unjust, he said the supreme court would give the police department for having the same fault in the Durrant case. He added that the case of the prosecution is complete and it is ready for trial at any time.

The police are dissatisfied with the evidence of Organist King, who, in an effort to lead Durrant to state in the preliminary examination that he detected the odor of escaping gas in the church on April 3, although this statement is contradicted by the janitor and two plumbers. Threatening letters have been received by the school girls who identified Durrant as Blanche Lamont's secret from school on the day of her disappearance. The girls have been warned that if they testify against Durrant they will receive physical violence.

### MINNEAPOLIS BANK GOES DOWN.

Member of the Firm Charged With Mismanagement of Affairs.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 6.—The lumber and banking firm of N. P. Clark & Co. St. Cloud, Minn., and Minneapolis, filed an assignment in the district court at St. Cloud, Saturday evening. It is believed all depositors in the bank and creditors will be paid in full.

The deposits in the bank amounted to \$125,000 and other local creditor's accounts bring the amount up to \$150,000 or \$175,000. No other banks will be affected. The depositors are mostly old settlers. The county had deposits of \$6,000 in the bank but it is protected by bond. The Minneapolis liabilities will not exceed half a million and the assets are variously estimated as high as a million and a half.

There are charges of mismanagement on the part of F. H. Clark, one of the members of the firm. He is reticent as to the charges of prodigality against him. The rumor that the failure is due to "flyers" in wheat and corn is denied.

### SIOUX LANDS TO BE OPENED.

Hoke Decides That the State of South Dakota Has No Right to Them.

Washington, May 6.—Secretary Smith today decided that the state of South Dakota is not entitled to the 50,000 acres of valuable lands in the Yankton Sioux reservation which the state recently took steps to acquire for its own use. The entire reservation comprises about 160,000 acres and the 50,000 claimed by the state include some of the most valuable lands in South Dakota. The reservation was to have been opened for settlement within a few days, but final action was deferred pending the decision of the disputed question. It is now probable that the president will promulgate the proclamation within a few days and that the opening will take place thirty days thereafter.

### TO BATTER CONVENT WALLS.

Missouri Christian Endeavorers Do Some Sensational Resolving.

Sedalia Mo., May 6.—Before the final adjournment today of the Missouri convention of Christian Endeavor societies, resolutions were adopted reciting that for many years the constitution of the United States has been constantly violated in Missouri and civil liberty outraged, in that helpless girls and women have been illegally, cruelly and without due process of law, incarcerated in prison houses not recognized under the law, namely nunneries, reformatories, convents and other institutions of like nature from which they cannot be released except by expensive legislation. The government and the legislature are called upon to prevent such unwarranted detentions.

### NORMAN HOLDS AN ELECTION.

No Party Lines are Drawn and Two Mixed Tickets in the Field.

Norman, O. T., May 6.—(Special)—Two tickets, no party lines being drawn, were elected today as follows: Councilmen, F. L. Mackey, (Dem.); W. J. Stubbeman, (Rep.); D. L. Larch, (Rep.); A. J. Coleman, (Rep.); C. A. Noble, (Rep.); Dr. Chapin, (Dem.); marshal, Frank Smith, (Rep.); clerk, W. L. Chapman, (Dem.); Police judges, J. D. Griggs, (Dem.); constable, A. T. Crawford, (Dem); treasurer, Fred Reed, (Rep.); assessor, S. M. Moore, (Rep.). The outgoing administration is Populist.

Rio Janeiro, May 6.—The message of President Moreas upon the opening of congress on Saturday is severely criticized. Members of the diplomatic body will probably protest against certain statements in congress.

### DRUNK BUT VERY DETERMINED.

Sholto Informs Lourette That It Can Never Be, Unless She Says So.

San Francisco, May 6.—Lord Sholto Douglass, son of the marquis of Queensbury, says he has told his concert hall love, Lourette Addis, that he cannot marry her and will not unless she holds him to his promise. He says he proposed marriage while under the influence of liquor and after the hazy conclusion brought on by the frothy beverage had worn off he realized the peculiar position he is in. He feels his promise to marry is as good as his bond, however, and will carry it out if the girl holds him to it.

## BETTING WAS LIVELY.

The Cause Was Dealing from the Double Pack Used in Pinochle.

A party of five gentlemen were playing a game of poker at the home of a friend the other night and had a most remarkable experience with the cards. The old gentleman who lives in the house is a German and is very fond of the game of pinochle. He was not present at the time the poker players started their game, but it seems had left a pinochle deck lying on the mantelpiece when he retired early in the evening, says Washington Post. The younger crowd were playing 10-cent ante and 25-cent limit and had played about an hour when one of the young fellows discovered that owing to his run of bad luck he was \$10 loser. Seeking to retrieve his lost chips he suggested a change of decks, and, having seen another deck on the mantelpiece, procured it and started to deal. Five hands were thrown around and the betting began. They all stayed. The first man bet the limit and was raised. The next man squeezed his hand a few seconds and raised again. So it went all around the table, every player raising the bet as it came his turn. Finally they all ran out of chips, but they kept on betting and several crisp greenbacks were put in the pot. When the showdown came a riot was narrowly averted. One man had four aces and a king, while the man next to him held four kings and an ace. Another threw down four jacks against a fourth hand, which contained three queens and a pair of kings. The fifth man wasn't in it at all, for he only held three tens and a small pair. The old gentleman's pinochle deck had done it all. All bets were declared off and the game stopped. It took them all the rest of the night to divide the pot according to the bets that had been made, after which one of the players said a bad word and threw the double deck in the fire.

### A GORGEOUS PALANQUIN.

Built for a West African Chief to Ride In.

A Birmingham firm has just completed a palanquin which a firm trading in central Africa intends as a present for a native chief. The body of the vehicle consists of a spring mattress supported on a frame, which is carried by a pair of lancewood shafts sixteen feet long. The mattress is jointed, and there is a well in the center of the vehicle, so that the occupant of the palanquin may adopt a sitting, reclining or a recumbent attitude, the couch being cushioned with thick horsehair cushions, upholstered in silk tabourer. The canopy, consisting of fine blue cloth curtains with a gold and silk border and festoons of terra cotta silk, has a pyramidal roof, surmounted by a crown, while the brasswork of the frame has finials designed from the barbed spearheads in use in the chief's district. The structure would be handsome in its way but for the fact that the woodwork of the body has painted upon it, in large letters on either side, the name and title of the chief—namely, "Coffee Adam—Iron Bar Duke." This feature, says the Westminster Gazette, for which the manufacturer is not responsible, is expected to particularly please the dusky potentate, but it is fatal to the artistic pretensions of the design.

### ANNA IS HAPPY.

The Countess of Castellane Is Intensely Devoted to Her Husband.

I saw Comte Castellane driving with his wife, says a London cablegram. They looked rather unlike a honeymoon couple, as he was attired in a covert coat and round hat (known, I believe, as a "bowler" or "billy cock" over here), not at all like his usual smart get-up. Perhaps it was done on purpose to avoid suspicion—I mean publicity. The Castellanes have been staying at the Berkeley, but, I think, left today for Paris. Some one who saw them together at the hotel told me that she appeared quite devoted to him, says Piccadilly in Vanity, and is so yielding and submissive that he is likely to be spoilt entirely.

### Letter Combinations.

When King Stanislaus, of Poland, then a young man, came back from a journey, the whole Lescinskian house gathered together at Lissa to receive him. The schoolmaster, Jablowsky, prepared a festival in commemoration of the event, and had it end with a ballet performed by thirteen students, dressed as cavaliers. Each had a shield upon which one of the letters of the words, "Domus Lescinskia" (The Lescinskian House), was written in gold. After the first dance, they stood in such a manner that their shields read "Domus Lescinskia" after the second dance, they changed order, making it read, "Ades incolunim" (Unarmed art thou here); after the third, "Mans idus loci" (Continue the star of this place); after the fourth, "Sis columna Dei" (Be a pillar of God); and finally, "I scande solium" (Go! ascend the throne). Indeed, these two words allow of 1,556,755,200 transpositions; yet that four them convey independent and appropriate meanings is certainly very curious.

### Transferring Engravings.

It is said that engravings may be transferred on white paper as follows: Place the engraving a few seconds over the vapor of iodine. Dip a slip of white paper in a weak solution of starch, and when dry, in a weak solution of oil of vitrol. When again dry, lay a slip upon the engraving and place both for a few minutes under a press. The engraving will be reproduced in all its delicacy and finish. Lithographs and printed matter cannot be so transferred with equal success.

## That Tired Feeling

It is remarkable how many people there are who have That Tired Feeling and seem to think it is of no importance or that nothing need be done for it. They would not be so careless if they realized how really serious the malady is. But they think or say, "It will go off after a while."

We do not mean the legitimate weariness which all experience after a hard day's work, but that all-gone, worn-out feeling which is especially overpowering in the morning, when the body should be refreshed and ready for work. It is often only the

forerunner of nervous prostration, with all the horrible suffering that term implies. That Tired Feeling and nervousness are sure indications of an impure and impoverished condition of the blood. The craving of the system for help can only be met by purifying the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the one great blood purifier. It expels all impurities, gives vitality and strength, regulates the digestion and makes the weak strong.

"In the spring I felt very much run down—no strength or appetite. I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and my appetite improved and I did not have that tired feeling." H. R. Squires, East Leverett, Mass.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Makes Pure Blood.

**"SAY BOSS! Them People Won't Take This Soap—They Want CLAIRETTE SOAP"**



Everybody wants Clairette Soap who knows the goodness of it. Try it once and you will refuse all other kinds, too. Sold everywhere. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, ST. LOUIS.

## Very Latest Styles, Bu MAY MANTON

Elegant Patterns for 10 Cents Each, When the Coupon Below is Sent. The Retail Price of these Patterns is 25, 30, and 35 Cents Each.



Pattern 6348—Waist, in five sizes, viz.: 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 bust measure—price 25 cents. Pattern 6323—Skirt, five sizes, viz.: 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inch waist measure—price 30 cents. Pattern 6407—Five sizes, viz.: 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inch waist measure—price 30 cents. Pattern 6377—Four sizes, viz.: 6, 8, 10 and 12 years—price 25 cents. These patterns are given fitting.

**COUPON.**

Any one or all of the above patterns will be sent for 10 Cents Each when this coupon is enclosed with the order; otherwise the retail price will be charged. Also send 1 cent additional for each pattern ordered to cover postage, etc. Give number of inches waist measure for skirts and number of inches bust measure for waists. Address

**COUPON PATTERN COMPANY, LOCK BOX 744, NEW YORK, N. Y.**

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**IMPERIAL GRANUM**

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JOHN CARLE & SONS, New York.

### Agents Wanted

On uncovered ground. Cut free. One of ours earned \$200, many over \$1000, in N. Y. P. O. Box 1071, New York

### PATENTS

Thomas P. Simpson, Washington D. C. No. 1010, 10th St. Patent on taken. Write for Inventor's Guide

### ROOFING

Corrugated Iron, Standing Seam Metal and Flat Roofing. Metal Shingles, Steel Imitation Slate and Stone, Building Paper, etc.

The Kansas City Metal Roofing and Corrugating Company, 415 Delaware St., Kansas City, Mo.

### PARKER'S HAIR BALM

Gleens and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Falls to Restore Gray Hair to the Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases and itching. Sold by all Druggists.

### LEWIS' 90% LYE

POWDERED AND PERFUMED (PATENTED)

The strongest and purest Lye made. Unlike other Lye, being a fine powder and packed in a can with removable lid, the contents are always ready for use. Will make the best perfume Hard Soap in 20 minutes without boiling. It is the best for cleaning waste pipes, disinfecting sinks, closets, washing bottles, paint, iron, etc.

PENNA. SALT MFG CO. Gen. Agents, Phila., Pa.

## Scott's Emulsion

is not a secret remedy. It is simply the purest Norway Cod-liver Oil, the finest Hypophosphites, and chemically pure Glycerine, all combined into a perfect Emulsion so that it will never change or lose its integrity. This is the secret of Scott's Emulsion's great success. It is a most happy combination of flesh-giving, strengthening and healing agents, their perfect union giving them remarkable value in all

## WASTING DISEASES.

Hence its great value in Consumption, wherein it arrests the wasting by supplying the most concentrated nourishment, and in Anæmia and Scrofula it enriches and vitalizes the blood. In fact, in every phase of wasting it is most effective. Your doctor will confirm all we say about it. Don't be persuaded to accept a substitute!

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